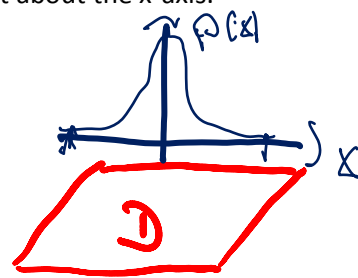
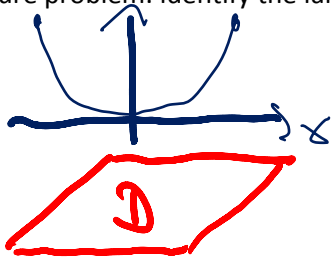


## Calc 2 Practice Exam Supplement

Here are a few supplementary questions involving mass, moments, and center of gravity. Any of these questions could appear on the exam 2 (or not).

1. Define the mass  $m$ , the moments  $M_x$ ,  $M_y$ , and the center of gravity  $(\bar{x}, \bar{y})$  of a lamina  $D$  with density function  $\rho(x, y)$
2. True/False
  - a. If  $D$  is a lamina of uniform density in form of a rectangle from  $(0,0)$  to  $(2,4)$ , then the center of gravity  $(\bar{x}, \bar{y}) = (1,2)$
  - b. If  $D$  is a lamina bounded by the  $x$ -axis, the  $y$ -axis, and the line from  $(0, 2)$  to  $(1, 0)$  with density function  $\rho(x, y) = x^2 \sin(y) * \cos(x^2 + y^2)$  then the center of gravity is  $(1, 2)$

3. Picture problem: identify the lamina with the larger moment about the  $x$ -axis:



4. Find the mass and center of gravity of the lamina that occupies the region  $D$  and has the given density function:
  - a.  $D = \{(x, y) : 0 \leq x \leq 2, -1 \leq y \leq 1\}$  and  $\rho(x, y) = xy^2$
  - b.  $D$  is the triangular region with vertices  $(0,0)$ ,  $(1,1)$ ,  $(4,0)$  and  $\rho(x, y) = x$
  - c.  $D$  is bounded by the parabola  $x = y^2$  and the line  $y = x - 2$ , and  $\rho(x, y) = 3$
  - d.  $D$  is enclosed by the cardioid  $r = 1 + \cos(\theta)$  and  $\rho(x, y) = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$