

## Calc 3 - Assignment 27

① The figure below shows the vector field

$$\vec{F} = \langle 2xy, x^2 \rangle$$

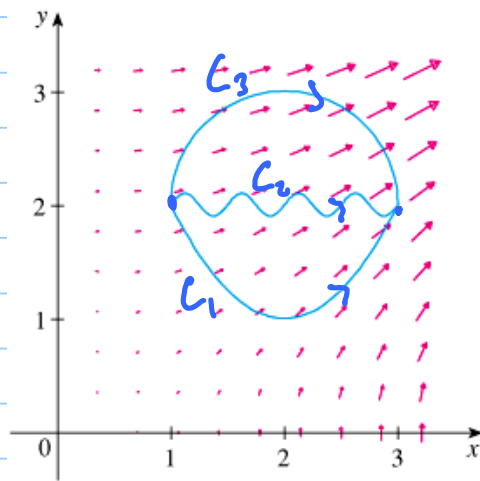
and three curves from  $(1, 2)$

to  $(3, 2)$ . Explain why  $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$  has the

same value for all

three curves  $C_1, C_2, C_3$ ,

and find that value.



② Evaluate  $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$  where  $\vec{F} = \langle x^2, y^2 \rangle$

and  $C$  is the part of the parabola  $y = 2x^2$  from

$(-1, 2)$  to  $(2, 8)$  using (a) line integration,

and (b) the Fund. Theorem.

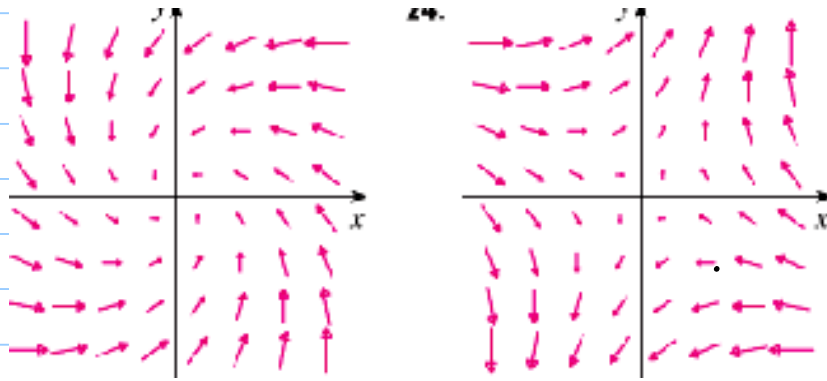
③ Evaluate  $\int_C yz \, dx + xz \, dy + (xy + 2z) \, dz$ , where

$C$  is the line segment from  $(1, 0, -2)$  to  $(4, 6, 3)$

using (a) line integration, and (b) the Fund. Theorem.

④ Find  $\int_C \tan(y) \, dx + x \sec^2(y) \, dy$ ,  $C$  any path from  $(1, 0)$  to  $(2, \pi/4)$

⑤ Which vector field is conservative?



⑥ Is  $\int_C y dx + x dy + xyz dz$  independent of the  $C$  path?

⑦ Find the value of the work integral

$$\int_C (3x^2y^2 + \sin(y^2)) dx + (2x^3y + x \cos(y^2)) dy$$

where  $C$  is  $\langle 2 \cos(t), 3 \sin(t) \rangle$ ,  $t \in [0, 2\pi]$ .

(there is an easy trick for this!)