

### Calc 3, Assignment 30

1. Please state:

- What is Green's Theorem?
- What is Gauss' Theorem?
- For what type of surface can you apply the Divergence theorem?

2. Find the following surface areas:

- of the plane  $z = 2 - x - y$  above the rectangle  $0 \leq x \leq 2$  and  $0 \leq y \leq 3$
- of the cylinder  $z = 9 - y^2$  above the triangle bounded by  $y = x$ ,  $y = -x$ , and  $y = 3$
- of the surface  $z = 16 - x^2 - y^2$  above the circle  $x^2 + y^2 \leq 9$

5. Find the following line integrals. You may use Maple to help you out.

- $\int_C x + y^2 ds$  where C is a line segment given by  $r(t) = \langle 3t, 4t \rangle$ ,  $0 \leq t \leq 1$
- $\int_C F \cdot dr$  where  $F(x, y) = \langle 2xy^3 - 2xy + 1, 3x^2y^2 - x^2 \rangle$  and C is the lower half of the unit circle, from  $(-1, 0)$  to  $(1, 0)$ .
- $\iint_R dS$ , where S is the portion of the hemisphere  $f(x, y) = \sqrt{25 - x^2 - y^2}$  that lies above the circle  $x^2 + y^2 \leq 9$
- Find the surface integral  $\iint_S x - 2y + z dS$ , where S is the surface  $z = 10 - 2x + 2y$  such that x is between 0 and 2 and y is between 0 and 4.
- $\iint_S (x + z) dS$  where S is the first-octant portion of the cylinder  $y^2 + z^2 = 9$  between  $x = 0$  and  $x = 4$
- The flux of the vector field  $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = \langle x, y, z \rangle$ , where S is the portion of the surface  $z = 10 - 2x - 2y$  between the coordinate planes.
- Find the flux of the vector field  $F(x, y, z) = \langle x, y, z \rangle$  through the surface given by portion of the paraboloid  $z = 4 - x^2 - y^2$  that lies above the xy-plane. Note that this surface is *not* closed.
- Evaluate the flux integral  $\iint_S \vec{F} \cdot \vec{n} dS$  where  $F(x, y, z) = \langle x, y, z \rangle$  and S is  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4$