

Calc I- Assignment # 9

Note Title

10/26/2011

① Find the absolute max and min for

a) $f(x,y) = x^2 + y^2 + xy + 4$ in $[-1,1] \times [-1,1]$

b) $f(x,y) = 3 + xy - x - 2y$ in the triangular

region with vertices $(1,0)$, $(5,0)$, and $(1,4)$

② Use the method of Lagrange multipliers to find

the extreme values of $f(x,y) = x^2 + 2y^2$ on the
circle $x^2 + y^2 = 1$.

③ Estimate the volume below $z = xy$ and above the
rectangle $D = [0,6] \times [0,4]$ by dividing the
 x -interval into 4 points, the y -interval into 3 points,
and taking as height the value of $f(x,y)$ at
each upper-right corner. Compare your answer

with

$$\iint_D xy \, dA$$

④ Evaluate $\iint_R r-x \, d\theta$, $R = [0,5] \times [0,3]$

both algebraically and geometrically.

⑤ Use Fubini's Theorem to compute:

a) $\iiint_{\text{R}} (1+4xy) dx dy$

b) $\int_0^1 \int_1^2 4x^3 - 9x^2y^2 dy dx$

c) $\int_0^1 \int_0^1 xy \sqrt{x^2+y^2} dy dx$

d) $\int_0^1 \int_0^1 \sqrt{s+t} ds dt$

e) $\iint_{\mathcal{R}} \frac{1+x^2}{1+y^2} dA, \quad \mathcal{R} = [0,1] \times [0,1]$

f) $\iint_{\mathcal{R}} \frac{x}{x^2+y^2} dA, \quad \mathcal{R} = [1,2] \times [0,1]$

⑥ Find the volume under $z = 4 + x^2 - y^2$ and above $\mathcal{R} = [-1,1] \times [0,2]$

⑦ Find the volume of the solid enclosed by

$z = 1 + e^x \sin(y)$ and the planes $x = \pm 1, y = 0,$

$y = \pi$, and $z = 0$.

① Read Fubini's Theorem carefully. Then use

Maple to compute

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^1 \frac{x-y}{(x+y)^3} dy dx \text{ and}$$

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^1 \frac{x-y}{(x+y)^3} dx dy.$$

Explain.