

Calc 3 - Assignment #2

Note Title

9/8/2011

① Find $\vec{a} + \vec{b}$, $2\vec{a} + 3\vec{b}$, $\|\vec{a}\|$, and $\|\vec{a} - \vec{b}\|$ for

a) $\vec{a} = 4\hat{i} + \hat{j}$, $\vec{b} = \hat{i} - 2\hat{j}$

b) $\vec{a} = \hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - 3\hat{k}$, $\vec{b} = -2\hat{i} - \hat{j} + 5\hat{k}$

c) $\vec{a} = 2\hat{i} - 4\hat{j}$, $\vec{b} = 2\hat{j} - \hat{k}$

② Find a unit vector that has the same direction as:

a) $-3\hat{i} + 7\hat{j}$

b) $8\hat{i} - \hat{j} + 4\hat{k}$

③* If \vec{v} lies in the 1st quadrant of R^2 and

makes an angle of $\pi/3$ with the x-axis

and $\|\vec{v}\| = 4$, find \vec{v} in component form, i.e.

$\vec{v} = \langle a, b \rangle$, where a,b are the components to
find.

④ Find the unit vectors parallel to the

tangent line to the parabola $y = x^2$ at
the point $(2, 4)$.

⑤ If A, B, C are the vertices of a triangle,

find $\vec{AB} + \vec{BC} + \vec{CA}$

⑥ If $\vec{r} = \langle x, y, z \rangle$ and $\vec{r}_0 = \langle x_0, y_0, z_0 \rangle$,

describe the set of all points (x, y, z) such

that

$$\|\vec{r} - \vec{r}_0\| = 1$$