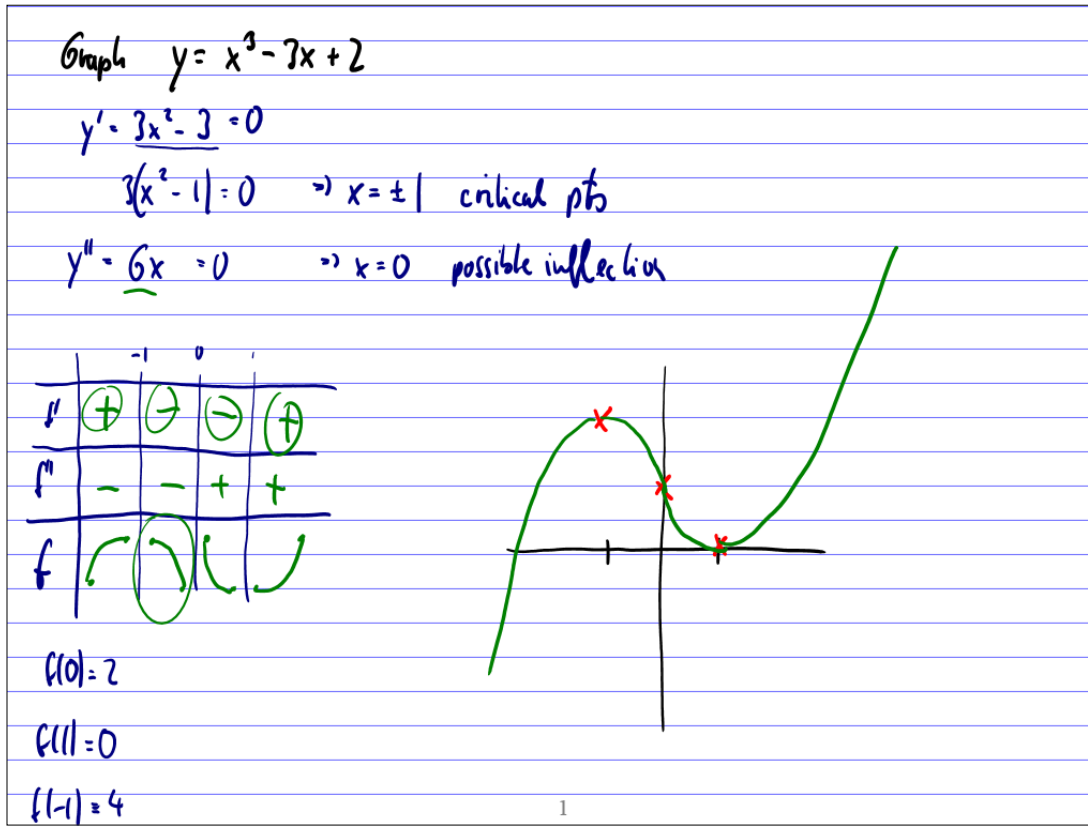


Panel 1



Panel 2

$$\int e^x - x^2 - 5 \, dx = e^x - \frac{1}{3}x^3 - 5x + C$$

$$f'(x) = \sqrt{x} - 3, \quad f(4) = -1$$

$$f(x) = \int \sqrt{x} - 3 \, dx = \int x^{1/2} - 3 \, dx = \frac{2}{3}x^{3/2} - 3x + C$$

$$-1 = f(4) = \frac{2}{3}(4)^{3/2} - 12 + C$$

$$-1 = \frac{16}{3} - 12 + C =$$

$$-1 = -\frac{10}{3} + C$$

$$7 + \frac{10}{3} = C$$

$$\frac{17}{3} = C$$

$$f(x) = \frac{2}{3}x^{3/2} - 3x + \frac{17}{3}$$

2

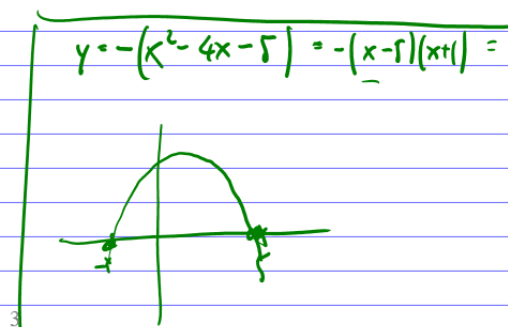
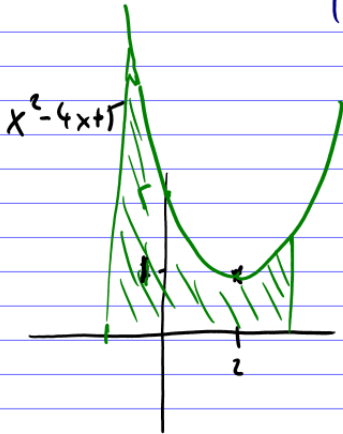
Panel 3

Find the area under the curve  $y = x^2 - 4x + 5$  from  $x = -1$  to  $x = 3$ . Sketch the region.

$$A = \int_{-1}^3 x^2 - 4x + 5 \, dx = \left[ \frac{1}{3}x^3 - 4 \cdot \frac{1}{2}x^2 + 5x \right]_{-1}^3$$

$$= (9 - 18 + 15) - \left(-\frac{1}{3} - 2 - 5\right)$$

$$= 13 \frac{1}{3} = \frac{40}{3}$$



Panel 4

1. If  $R(x) = 60x - 3x^2$  and  $C(x) = 12x + 2$ , find the maximum profit and the number of units that must be produced and sold to maximize the profit.

$$P(x) = R(x) - C(x)$$

$$= 60x - 3x^2 - 12x - 2 = 48x - 3x^2 - 2$$

11. Suppose \$8000 is invested in an account. How much money is in the account in 6 years if the interest rate is 5% compounded: a) monthly, b) continuously?  
 $P(x) = 48x - 3x^2 = 0$ ,  $x = \frac{80}{3} = 26 \frac{2}{3}$  is # of units for max profit of  $P(26 \frac{2}{3})$

$R(q)$  related to price and quantity:  $R(q) = p \cdot q$   
 $R(p) = p \cdot q(p)$

Panel 5

11. Suppose \$8000 is invested in an account. How much money is in the account in 6 years if the interest rate is 5% compounded: a) monthly b) continuously?

$$a) S = P(1+r)^n = 8000 \left(1 + \frac{0.05}{12}\right)^{6 \cdot 12}$$

$$b) \left( S = Pe^{rt}, S = 8000 e^{0.05 \cdot 6} \right) \text{ cont. compounded formula}$$

5

Panel 6

2. An object is dropped from a certain height. It is known that it will fall a distance of  $s(t) = 16t^2$  where  $s$  is in feet and  $t$  is in seconds. What is the average speed from 3 to 5 seconds.

↑  
rate of change

$$\text{avg. speed} = \frac{s(5) - s(3)}{5 - 3} = \frac{16 \cdot 25 - 16 \cdot 9}{2} = \frac{16(25 - 9)}{2} = 8 \cdot 16 = \underline{128}$$

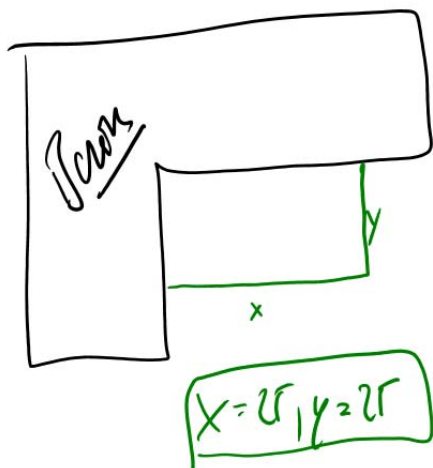
(inst) rate of change -  $f'$ ,  $f'(t) = 32t$

$$\text{velocity at } t=4 : f'(4) = 32t|_{t=4} = \underline{128}$$

6

Panel 7

A rancher has 50 feet of fencing to fence off a rectangular animal pen in the corner of a barn. The corner of the barn will not be fenced. What dimensions of the rectangle will maximize the area?



$$\begin{aligned} &\rightarrow (x+y=50), y=50-x \\ &A = xy \quad \text{max!} \\ &A = x(50-x) = 50x - x^2 \\ &A'(x) = 50 - 2x = 0 \quad (x=25) \\ &\quad \text{parabola going down} \\ &\quad \rightarrow \text{max} \end{aligned}$$

7

Panel 8

14. After  $t$  hours of operation, a coal mine is producing coal at a rate of  $40 + 2t - 9t^2$  tons of coal per hour. Find the formula for the output of the coal mine after  $t$  hours of operation if we know that after 2 hours, 80 tons have been mined.
15. A firm estimates that it will sell  $N$  units of a product after spending  $x$  dollars on advertising, where  $N(x) = -x^2 + 300x + 6$  and  $x$  is measured in thousands of dollars. What is the rate of change of the number of units sold with respect to the amount spent on advertising after spending \$10 thousand?

#14:

$$f'(t) = 40 + 2t - 9t^2 \Rightarrow f(t) = \int (40 + 2t - 9t^2) dt = 40t + t^2 - 3t^3 + C$$

To find  $C$ : use  $f(2) = 80 = 90 + 4 - 3 \cdot 8 + C = 90 + 4 - 24 + C = 70 + C$

$$80 = 70 + C \Rightarrow C = 10$$

#15:  $N'(x)$  at  $x=10$ ,  $N'(x) = -2x + 300 \Rightarrow N'(10) = 280$

8

Panel 9

